



The Central and Northern California Ocean Observing System: Program Office Perspectives

IOOS FAC Meeting
27 June, 2023



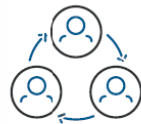
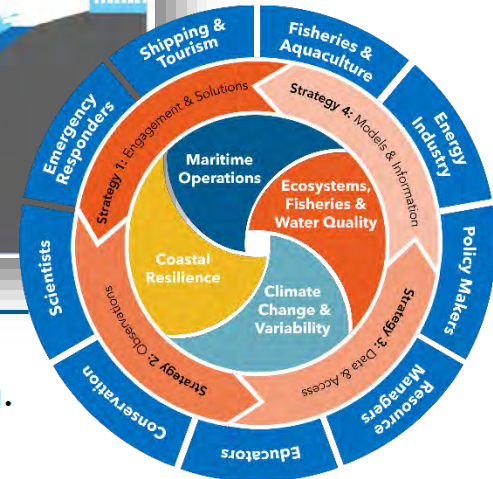
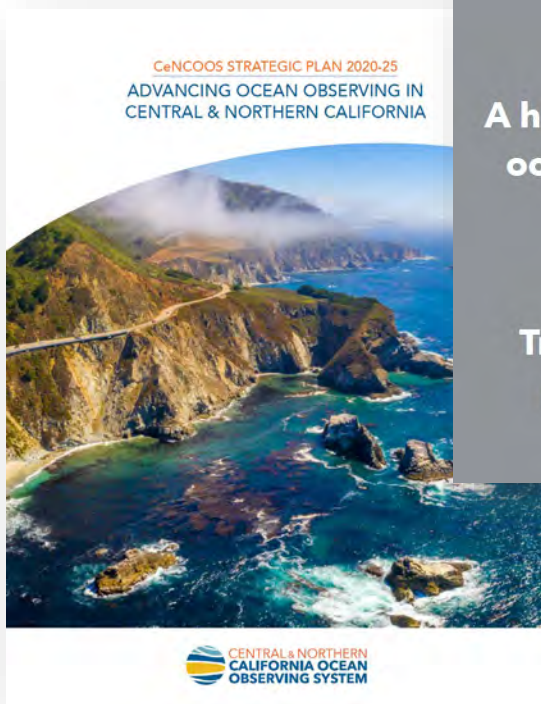
Vision, Mission & Strategy

Vision

A healthy and prosperous California coastal ocean powered by information solutions.

Mission

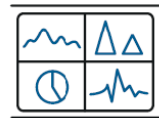
Translating data into action through the production, curation, and delivery of high-quality ocean information.



★ **Strategy 1:** Engage marine stakeholders to drive the creation of integrated information products that are valuable for decision-making.



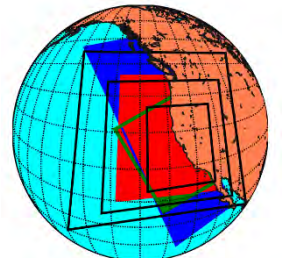
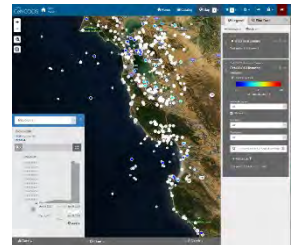
★ **Strategy 2:** Observe coastal and ocean physical, biogeochemical, biology, and ecosystem variables to meet regional stakeholder needs.



★ **Strategy 3:** Streamline access to information, including through a publicly accessible Data Portal.



★ **Strategy 4:** Provide access to improved ocean models and other tools to scale information from individual observations and to make data relevant for policy and management.



<https://www.cencoos.org/strategic-plan/>

<https://data.caloos.org/>



Henry Ruhl



Alex Harper
Program Manager



Marine Lebrec



Fred Bahr



Patrick Daniel
Summer Staff



Megan McKinzie



Amy West
Synchro Program Manager



Jason Adelaars
Synchro Technical Manager



Andrew Moore



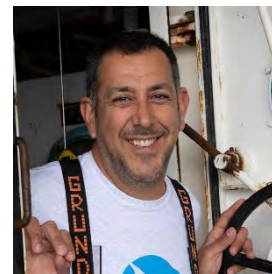
Tom Bell



M Garcia Reyes



Holly Bowers



Jaime Jahncke



Katharyn Boyer



Jeffery Abell



Dan Rudnick



Emily Bockmon



Francisco Chavez



Chad Whelan



Barbara Block



James Doyle



Jack Barth



Yui Takeshita



Clarissa Anderson



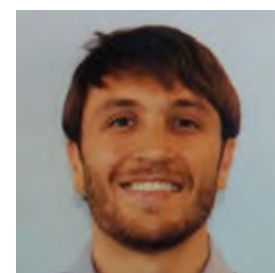
Dan Costa



Tom Connolly



Tessa Hill



Ryan Walter



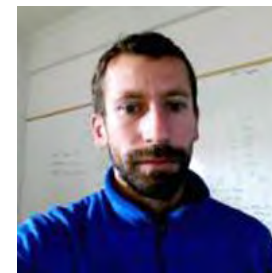
Raphe Kudela



John Largier



Chris Edwards



Rob Bochenek

Beneficiaries and Networks

Users of CeNCOOS information include:

BOEM	Bureau of Ocean Energy Management
CCLEAN	Central Coast Long-term Environmental Assessment Network
CCLME	California Current Large Marine Ecosystem
CDFW	California Department of Fish and Wildlife
CDPH	California Department of Public Health
CDW	California Department of Water
CCC	California Coastal Commission
CSLC	California State Lands
CEC	California Energy Commission
GNOME	General NOAA Operational Modeling Environment
GTS	Global Telecommunication System
HABMAP	Harmful Algal Bloom Monitoring and Alert Program
NMS	National Marine Sanctuaries (of NOAA)
NMFS	National Marine Fisheries Service (of NOAA)
NCCOS	National Centers for Coastal Ocean Science (of NOAA)
NOS	National Ocean Service (of NOAA)
OAP	Ocean Acidification Program (of NOAA)
OAR	Oceanic and Atmospheric Research (of NOAA)
OEHHA	California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment
OPC	Ocean Protection Council
OSPR	Oil Spill Prevention and Response
OST	Ocean Science Trust
SAROPS	Search and Rescue Optimal Planning System
USCG	US Coast Guard
WCOA	West Coast Ocean Alliance
WCODP	West Coast Ocean Data Portal

Select networks of interest:

AniBOS	Animal Borne Ocean Sensors
ATN	Animal Telemetry Network
CalCOFI	California Cooperative Fisheries Investigations
DOOS	Deep Ocean Observing Strategy
GEO BON	Group on Earth Observation Biodiversity Observation Network
GOA-ON	Global Ocean Acidification Observing Network
GOMO	Global Ocean Monitoring and Observation
GOOS	Global Ocean Observing System
NHABON	National Harmful Algal Bloom Observing Network (of NOAA)
IPCC	Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
MARINe	Multi-Agency Rocky Intertidal Network
MBON	Marine Biodiversity Observation Network
OBON	Ocean Biomolecular Observing Network
OBP	Ocean Best Practices
OBIS	Ocean Biodiversity Information System
OTN	Ocean Tracking Network
PCSGA	Pacific Coast Shellfish Growers Association
PISCO	Partnership for Interdisciplinary Studies of Coastal Oceans
POGO	Partnership for Observing the Global Ocean
ROWG	Radiowave Operators Working Group
SACNAS	Soc. for Adv. of Chicanos/Hispanics & Native Americans in Science
WAML	Western Association of Marine Laboratories
Synchro	Synchronize and evolve technology

Bodega – Climate & Coastal Resilience Mtg.

- May 24/25 – UC Davis, Bodega Marine Lab
- Refreshed our detailed unfunded planning / scoping towards
 - Feasible, impactful climate & coastal resilience activities
 - Improved education, outreach, accessibility & equity



Los Angeles Times

Storm leaves California coastal towns badly damaged -- with more danger on the way



A support piece from the Capitola Wharf is seen inside the storm-damaged Zelda's restaurant in Capitola, Calif., on Thursday. Giant ocean swells pushed debris through the front wall and a window, filling the interior with several inches of seawater. (Shmuel Thaler / Santa Cruz Sentinel via AP)



<https://lookout.co/santacruz/weather/story/2023-01-05/santa-cruz-county-storm-coast-ocean>



The New York Times

Cancel or pause anytime.

Hundreds of Sea Lions Are Dying. Is an Algal Bloom to Blame?

Rescuers have been inundated with calls about sick and dying sea lions and dolphins along California's central coast. They believe the cause is a toxin produced by a harmful algae.

Give this article



A dead dolphin and California sea lions showing symptoms of domoic acid poisoning. Staci Kaye-Carr, Channel Islands Marine & Wildlife Institute



By Livia Albeck-Ripka
Reporting from Los Angeles

June 21, 2023

<https://www.nytimes.com/2023/06/21/us/algae-bloom-california-sea-lion-dolphin.html>



Menu



NEWS

Toxic Algal Bloom Suspected in Dolphin and Sea Lion Deaths in Southern California

June 16, 2023

Stranding Network asks beachgoers to keep a safe distance and report strandings.

Feature Story | West Coast

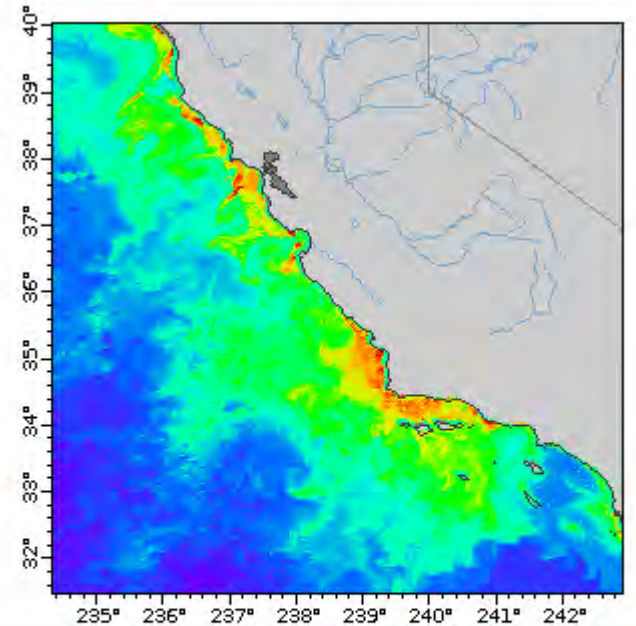


Deceased dolphin as a result of domoic acid poisoning. Credit: Channel Islands Marine & Wildlife Institute

The rapid growth of harmful algae along parts of the Southern California Coast is believed to have caused the deaths of California sea lions and close to 60 dolphins in the first weeks of June.

The Channel Islands Marine & Wildlife Institute has fielded more than 1,000 reports of sick and

<https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/feature-story/toxic-algal-bloom-suspected-dolphin-and-sea-lion-deaths-southern-california>

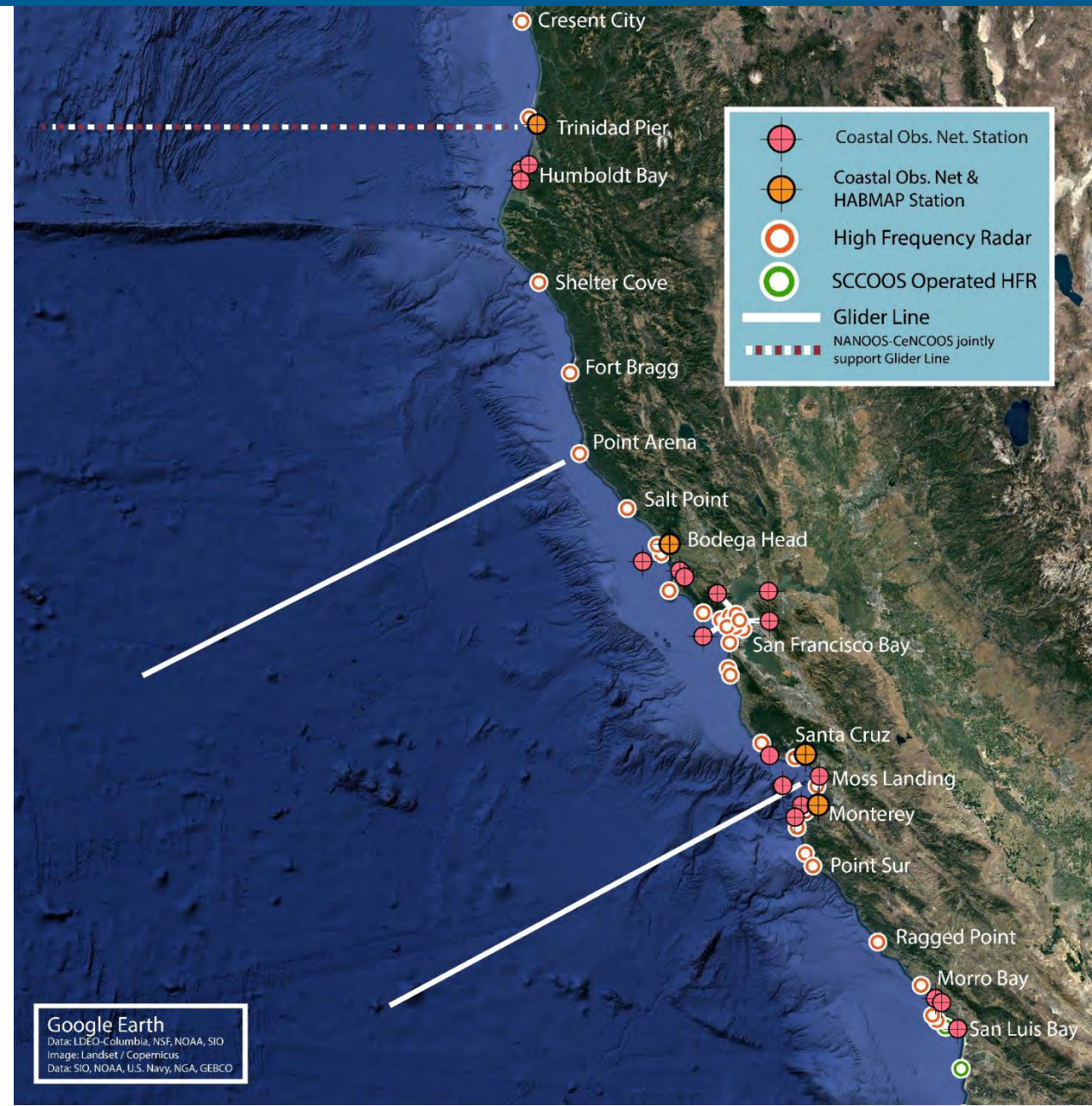


Chlorophyll fields filled with DINEOF (mg m^{-3})
C-HARM v1 Nowcast, Pseudo-nitzschia, cellular domoic acid, and particular domoic acid probability, California and Southern Oregon coast, 2018-2022
(2022-03-17T12:00:00Z)
Data courtesy of UCSC, UCSD

- Likely an offshore dynamic as coastal stations not yet seeing HAB spikes.
- “Animals are coming in at a record clip to TMMC, CIMWI, MMCC-LA, and PMMC. Many are just dead on beaches. We are in constant contact with these centers, providing C-HARM and other updates.” – Clarissa Anderson

Current Core Activities

- Maintain CeNCOOS Program Office;
- Operations and maintenance of:
 - **31** high-frequency radars (HFR), with recapitalization of 7% of our infrastructure;
 - **Three** glider lines;
 - **15(+)** Coastal Observing Network stations;
 - **Four** HAB sampling sites;
 - Zooplankton, bird and ship sampling;
 - Two stations of eDNA sampling
 - Elephant seal and shark tagging.
- **DMAC** & regional data assembly center;
- Hindcast, nowcast and forecast models with new **biogeochemistry and biology** outputs;
- New **high-resolution coastal nowcasts** in Monterey Bay with ~160 m grid cells;
- **>250** data products - new support for kelp cover, climate, fisheries, marine protected areas & aquaculture indicators;
- Engagement activities to support the above including product development, and working with IOOS Association in better serving underrepresented communities and **building a diverse workforce**.



- Nation-leading uptime!

Location	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FY
CENCOOS	92%	81%	85%	-	86%

- CeNCOOS recently installed a new SeaSonde HFR station (site code: MBAC) at the Monterey Bay Academy in La Selva Beach, CA.*
- MBAC station is also co-located with a suite of radar, lidar and optical atmospheric sensors operated by NRL.*
- Infrastructure updates ongoing*
- RiverSonde now operating in Moss Landing (temporary instillation)*

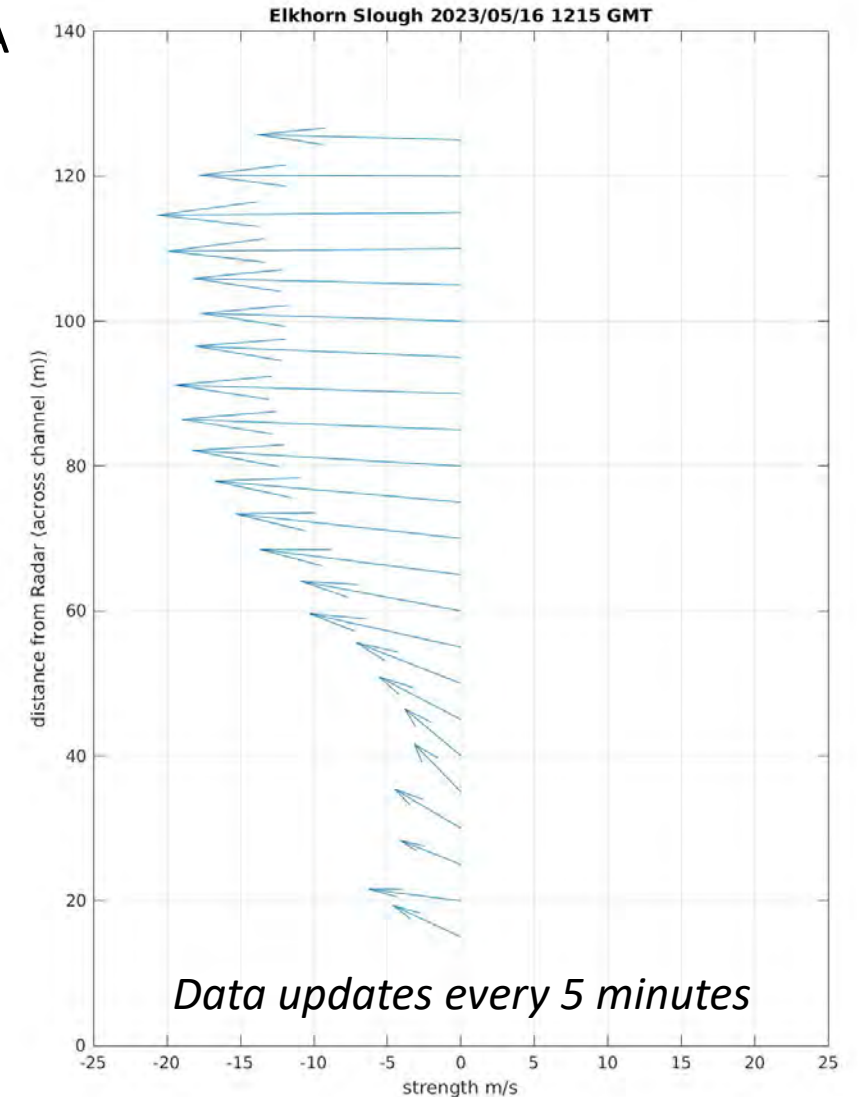
RiverSonde at Moss Landing, CA

Observing the Elkhorn Slough Entrance Channel



Radial Surface Current Vectors

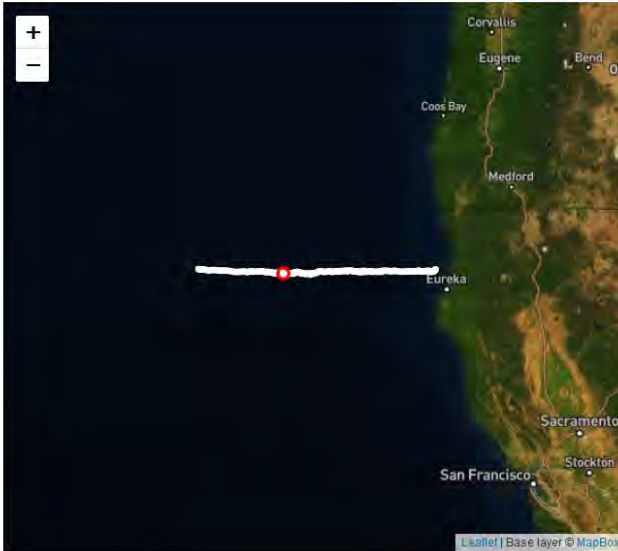
Cross Channel Vector Profile



UW685-20230125T0000 (glider)

Visualization Variables

Done



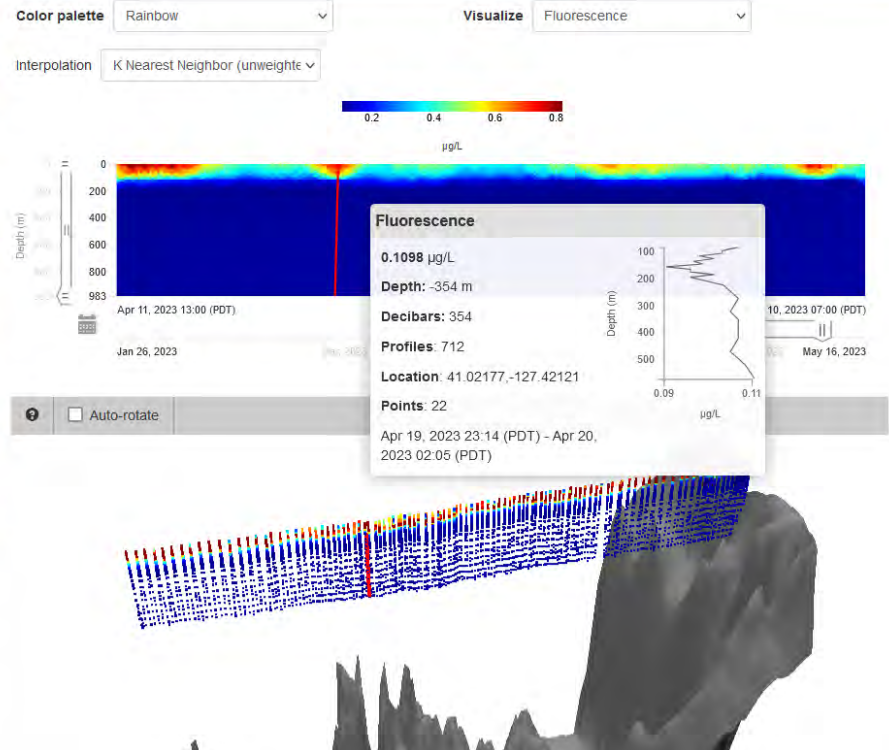
UW685-20230125T0000

Date range Jan 26, 2023 12:06 (PST) - May 15, 2023 00:21 (PDT)

Metadata <https://data.ioos.us/gliders/erddap/info/UW685-20230125T0000/index.html>

Animal ID None

Depth range -0.3087024986743927 (m) - 993.38720703125 (m)



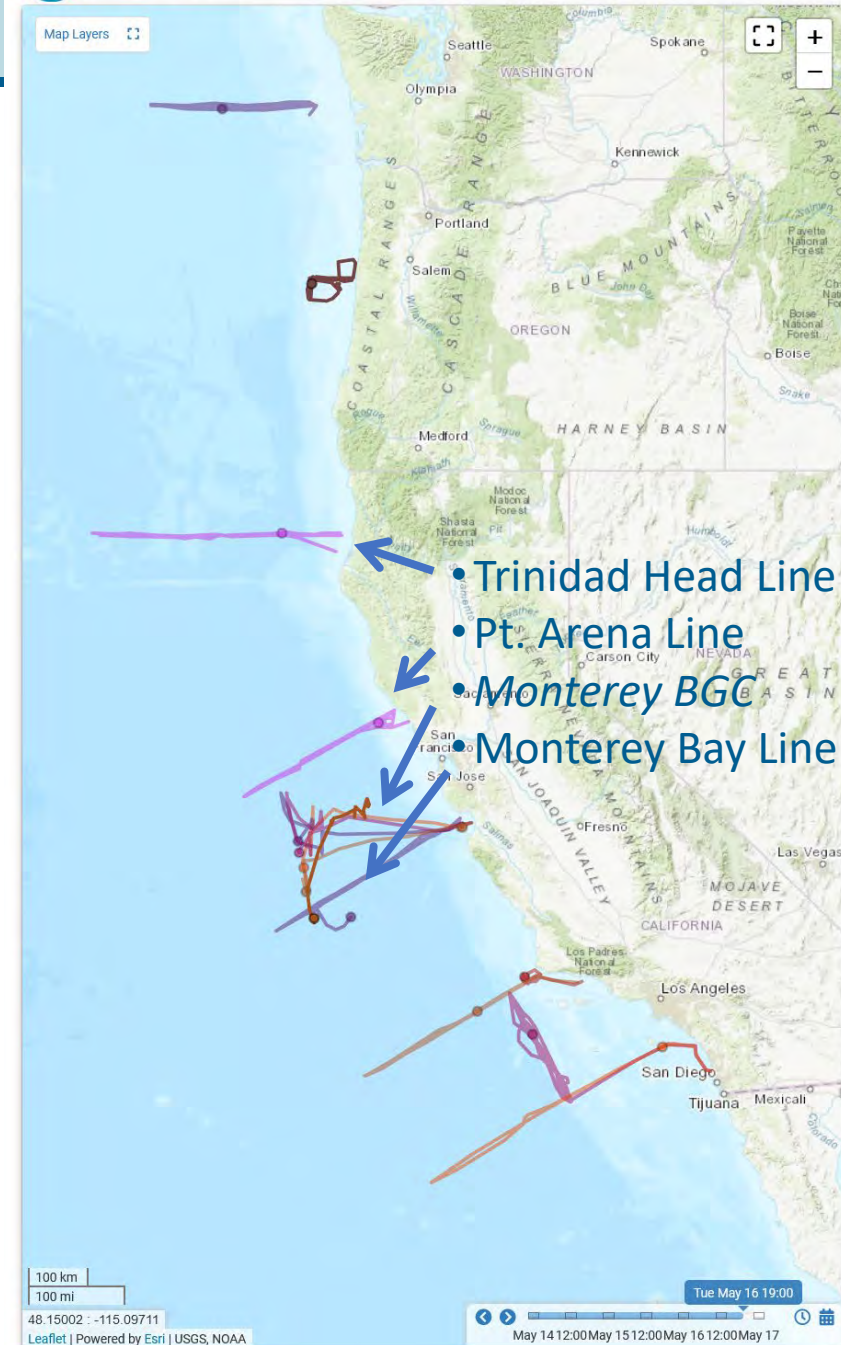
<https://data.caloos.org/>

<http://spraydata.ucsd.edu/projects/cugn/>

First Spray 2 on order w/BGC sensors!



Oregon State
University



Shore Station Update

UC Davis

- [Bodega Marine Lab](#)
- [Bodega Bay Buoy](#)
- [Fort Point](#)
- [Tomales Bay](#)
- [Hog Island, Tomales](#)

CalPoly Humboldt

- [Humboldt Bay](#)
- [Trinidad](#)
- [Hog Island, Humboldt](#)

Cal Maritime

- [Carquinez](#)

Wiyot Tribe

- [Tuluwat \(Indian\) Island](#)

SFSU EOS

- [Tiburon Water Quality](#)
- [Tiburon Weather Station](#)
- [Bay Ocean Buoy \(BOB\)](#)

Exploratorium

- [Exploratorium](#)

UC Santa Cruz

- [Santa Cruz Wharf](#)
- [Santa Cruz Wharf Weather Station](#)

Moss Landing Marine Labs

- [Moss Landing](#)
- [Moss Landing Weather Station](#)
- [Monterey Wharf II](#)

Monterey Bay Aquarium

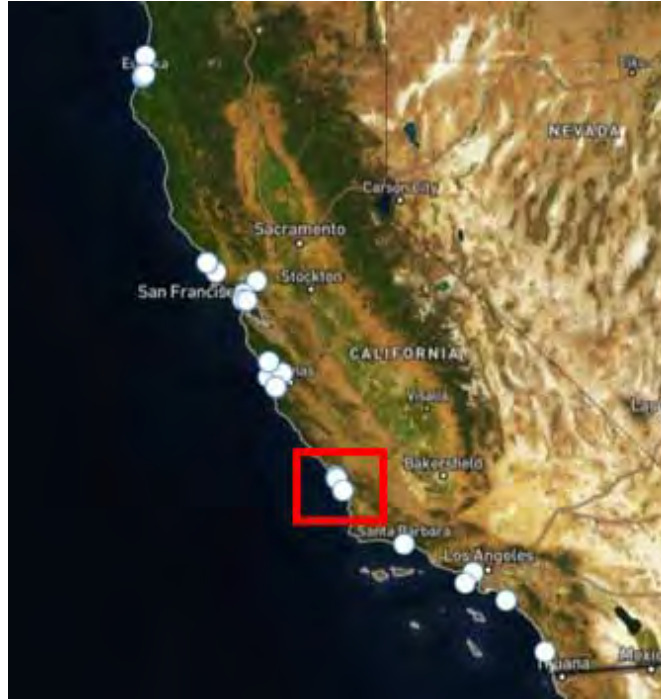
- [Monterey Bay Aquarium](#)

Cal Poly

- [Morro Bay, T-Pier](#)
- [Morro Bay, Back Bay](#)
- [Morro Bay, Back Bay Weather Station](#)
- [Cal Poly Pier](#)
- [Cal Poly Pier Weather Station](#)

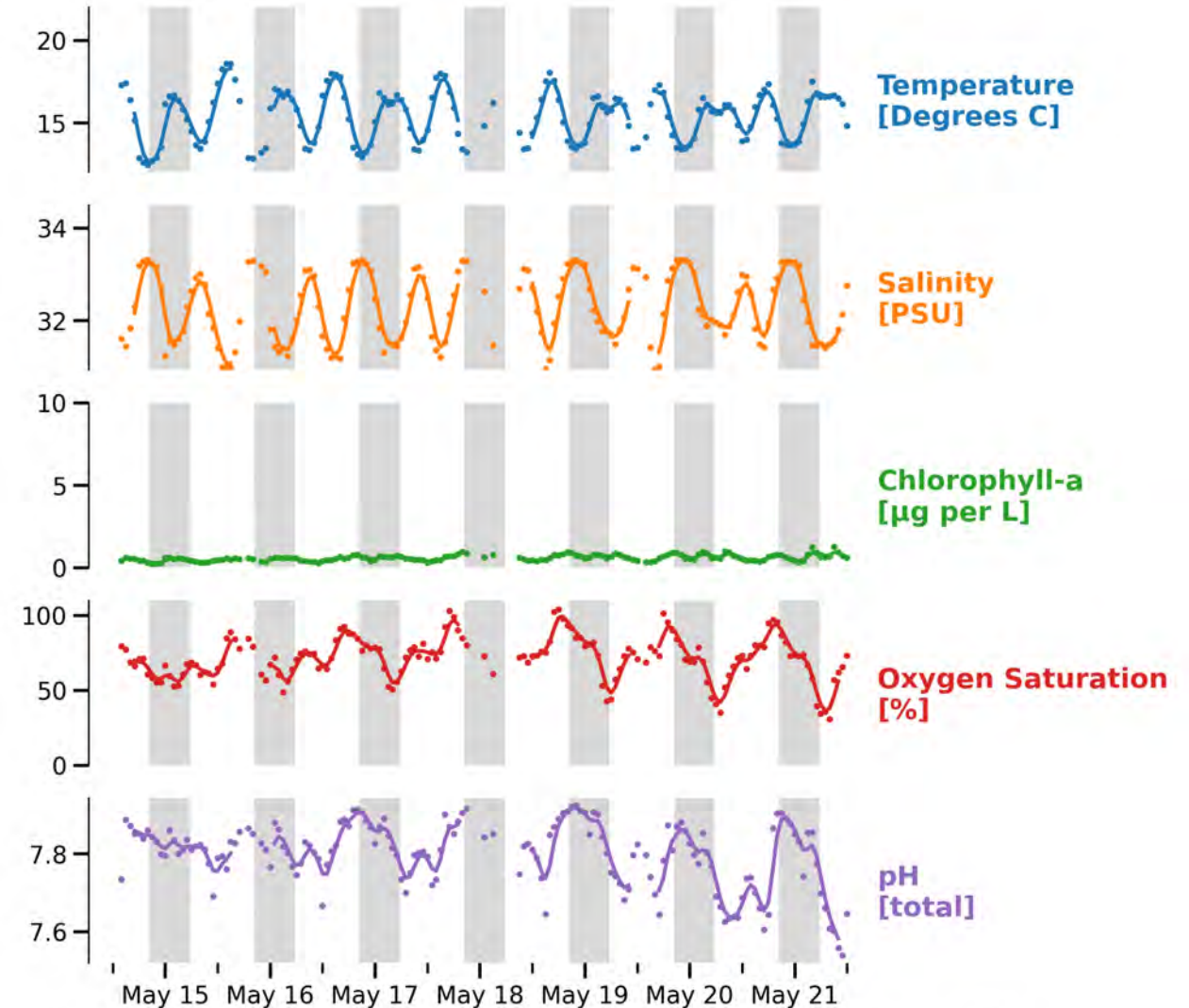
MBARI

- [M1 Monterey Bay](#)



- Limited re-cap including OAH sensing
- “A Proposal to Scale from a Regional to a National Webcam Coastal Observation System (WebCOOS)”
- Impact areas:
 - HABs;
 - Aquaculture;
 - OAH & coastal climate signal.

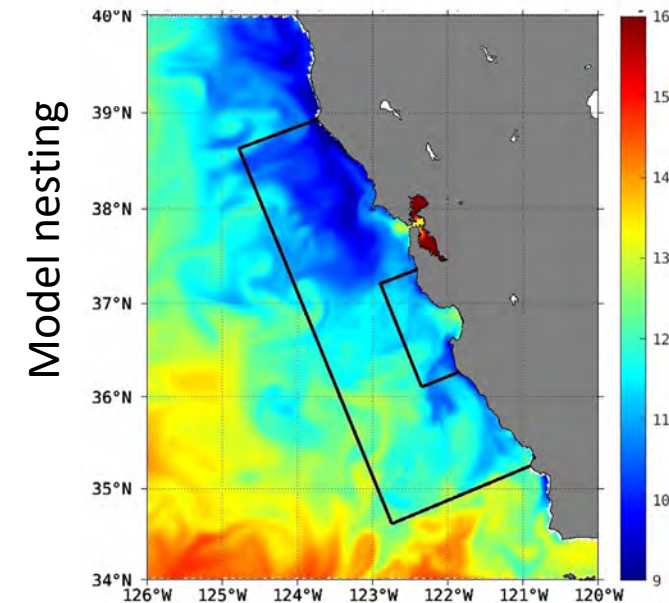
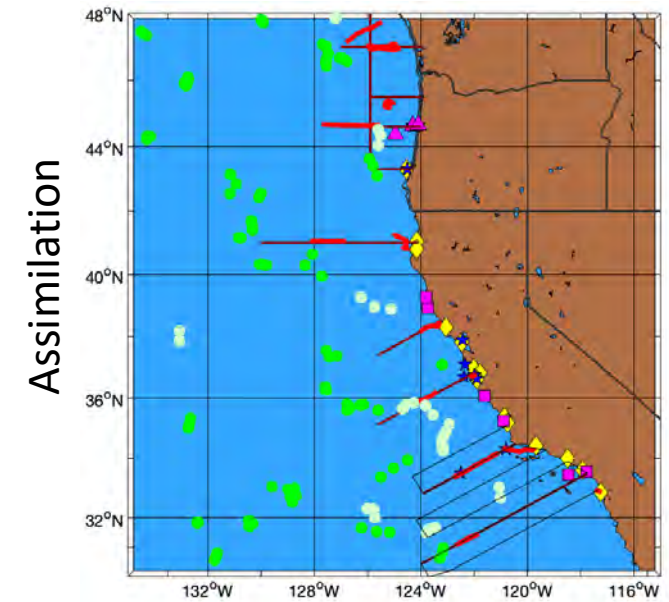
BS1 Station - Morro Bay Cal Poly SLO

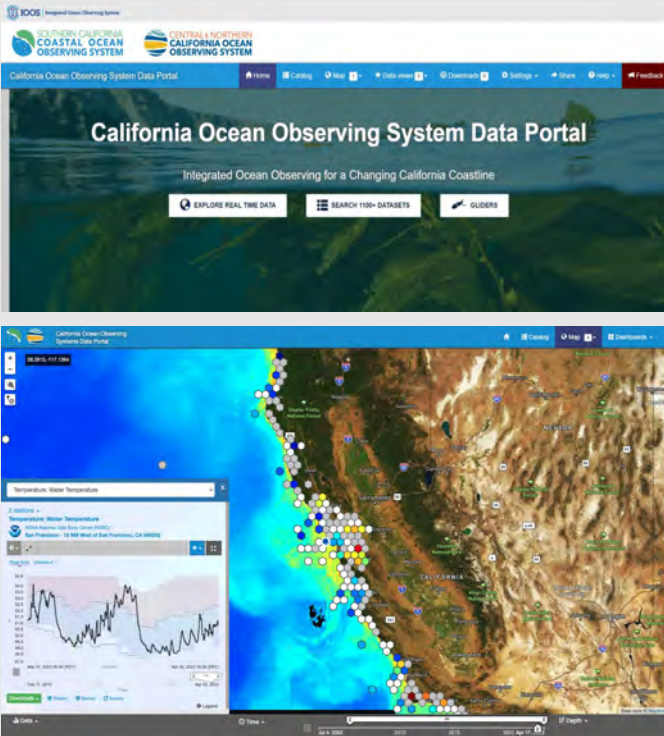


We acknowledge support from the Morro Bay National Estuary Program and EPA

Updated on: 2023-05-21 13:30:11.281224

- NRL COAMPS
 - 4D-Var DA 12-4km Atmospheric model (Doyle)
 - 1999-present (in various grid configurations)
- West Coast ROMS
 - 1/10° (~10km) ROMS nowcast (Edwards/Moore, UCSC)
 - NEMURO in Portal staging
- California-Harmful Algae Risk Mapping (C-HARM)
 - 3.3 km WCOFS/VIIRS (Anderson, UCSD/SCCOOS/Coast Watch)
- West Coast Operational Forecast System (WCOFS)
 - 4D-Var DA 4km ROMS nowcast/forecast (Kurapov, NOAA)
 - Hi-resolution nests
- San Francisco Bay Operational Forecast System (SFBOFS)
 - Now in Portal and supporting bay currents
- WCOFS project exploring efficiencies and NEMURO BGC





Total number of sensor stations: **1,387**
Number of sensor types: **87**
Number of affiliates: **54**
Number of moving platforms: **65**
Number of data layers: **320**
Number of observations per week: **~4.5 million**

California Ocean Observing System Data Portal (CalOOS)

<https://data.caloos.org/>

CeNCOOS and SCCOOS
statewide data portal

Provides discovery and access
to diverse types of coastal
and ocean observation data
to statewide stakeholders

Planning for Next Gen

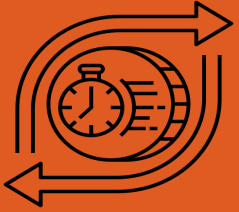
Current version launched
2018

Growing complexity in data
landscape

Addresses needs for more
flexible architecture, faster
performance, scalability, and
improved integration

Beginning 2 year, user-driven
development

Next Gen: Planned Features



Improvements to portal load time

- Quicker load of layers, grids, and time series data
- Integration of spatially enabled time series database



Coupling of data assets

- Data and metadata organized into groups ('data packages') of related data sets
- Improvements to search and discovery for connected data sets



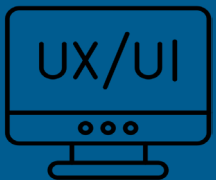
User-login based system

- 'My CalOOS' concept for log-in, user accounts, and saved configurations
- Improvements to portal usage tracking



Catalog and search refactor

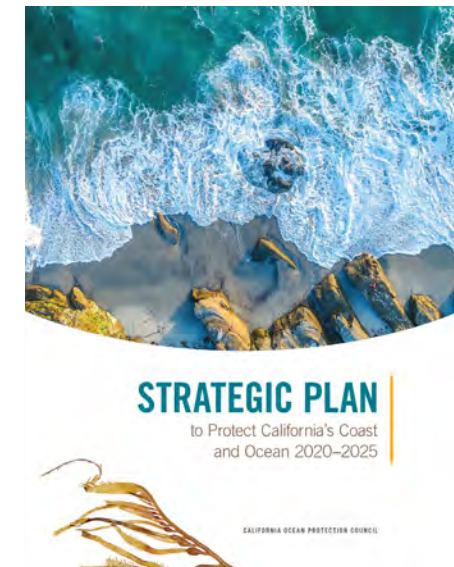
- More intuitive search and browsing aids
- Spatial enabled search tools
- Dedicated catalog for archived assets



Other UI/UX enhancements

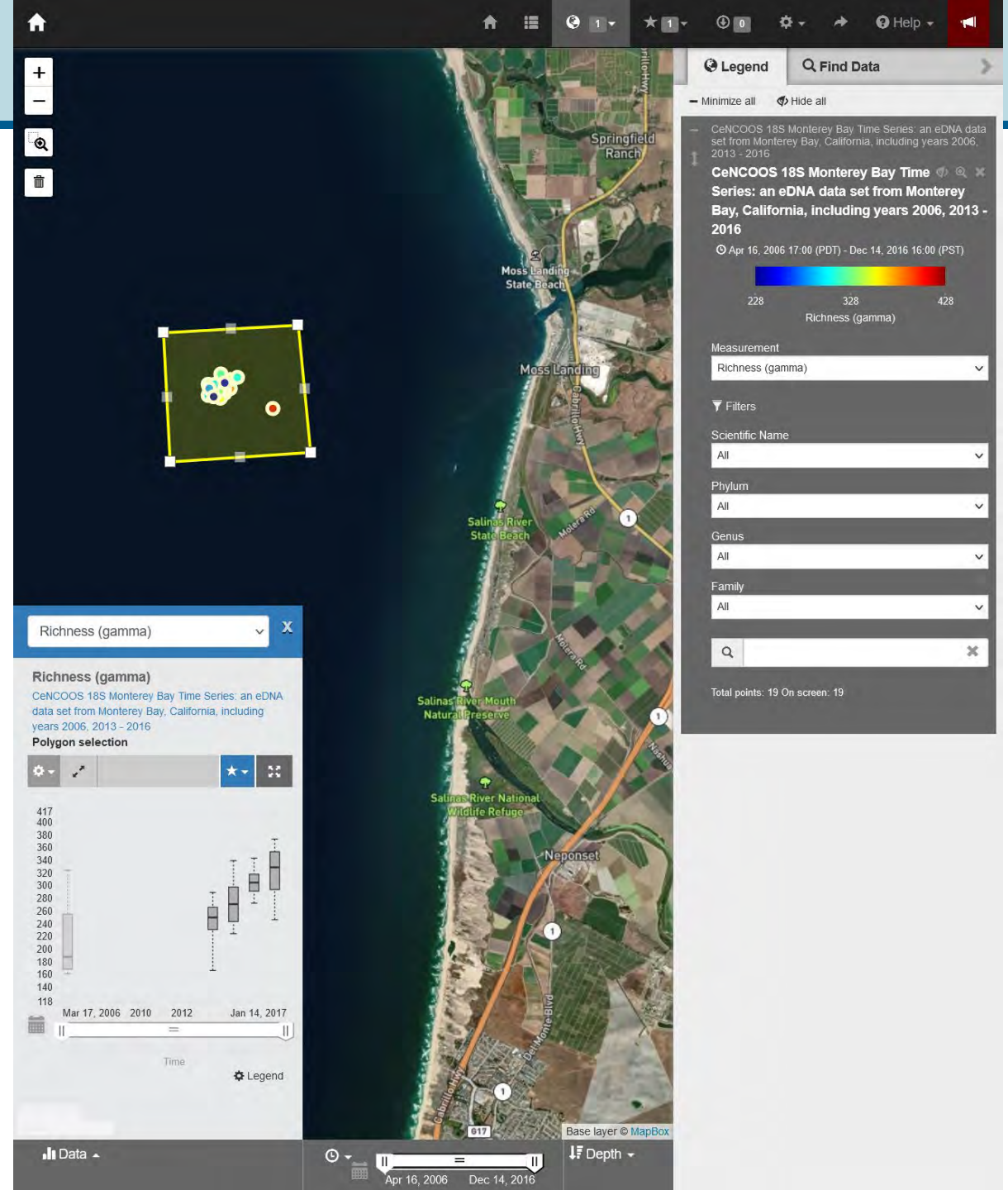
- Optimized for mobile
- Animations (model data, animal movement)
- Jupyter Hub integration
-and more

- HAB Community Technology Accelerator – HAB DAC, SCCOOS-led
- An Integrated Early Warning System for HABs in CA – IFCB Network, SCCOOS-led
- Implementing the Deep Ocean Observing Strategy, UT Austin-led
- Ocean Vision AI: Scaling up visual observations of life in the ocean using artificial intelligence, MBARI-led
- California's ocean acidification and hypoxia monitoring network - enhancing data management and collection, CeNCOOS/SCCWRP-led
- A California OAH Portal to enable synthesis and understanding of state-wide status & trends CeNCOOS/SCCWRP-led
- Advancing OAH science off northern California: a critical expansion of monitoring and research to quantify OAH exposure, assess ecosystem impacts, and support model development, Cal Poly Humboldt-led
- The CeNCOOS MBON: Marine biodiversity information in support of a healthy Blue Economy in the central California Current, MBARI-led
- Synchro: Co-Design Lab for Synchronizing Technology Evolution for Industry, Ocean Science and Conservation, MBARI-led
- CeNCOOS Infrastructure, MBARI-led

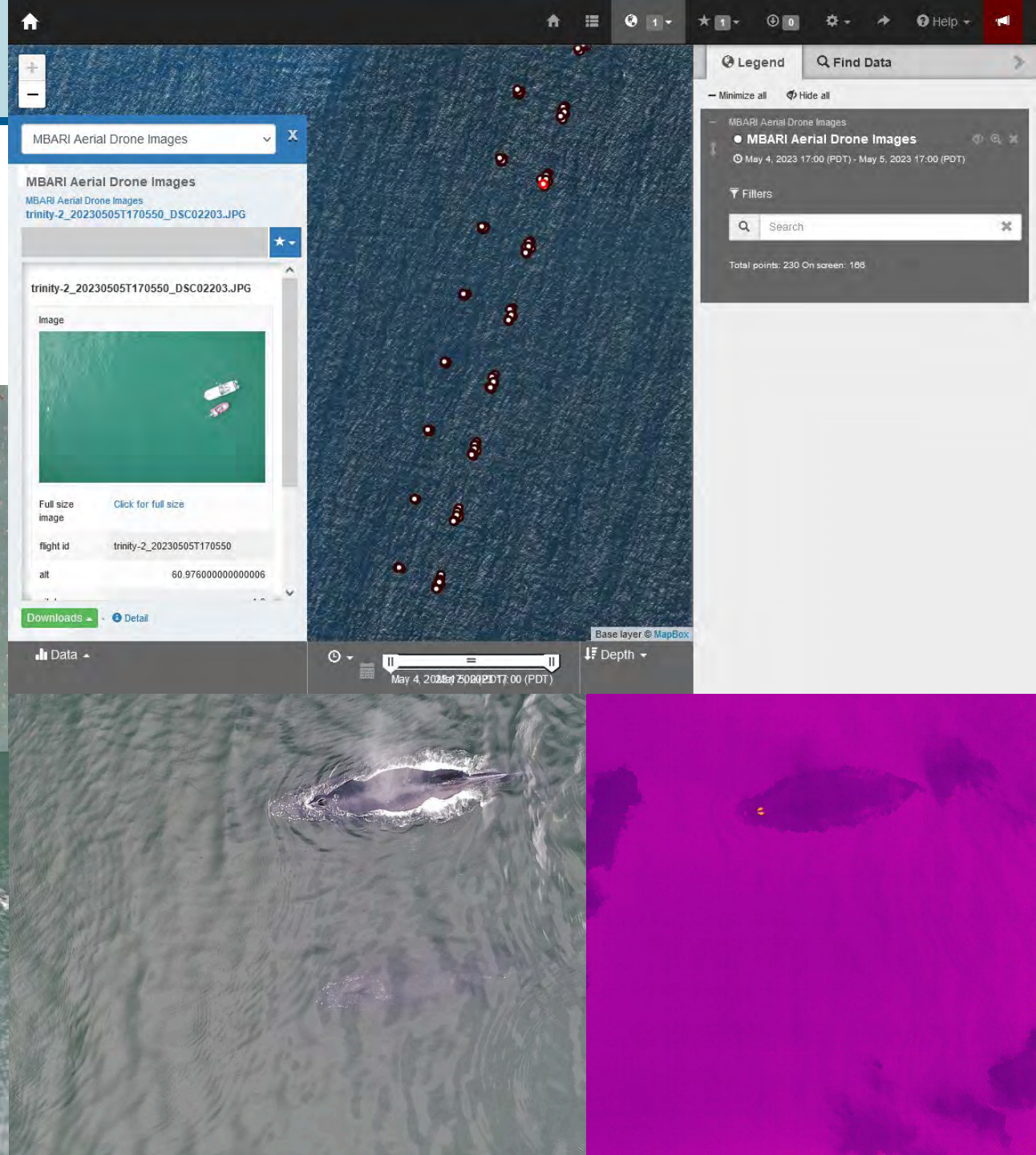


- **Need/impact:** BioEco observations at the root of a myriad of resources and serves
- **People/teams:** There's an array of organizations evolving to observe BioEco
- **Feasibility/capacity:** Many tools are progressing from research to operations
- **Scalability:** Data integration can inform macroecological assessment

- Monterey Bay Timeseries
- Long-term studies on regime shifts with anchovies and sardines
- eDNA providing powerful estimates of change
- Records going into OBIS and GBIF
- Greater Farallones & Cordell Bank NMS, Humboldt

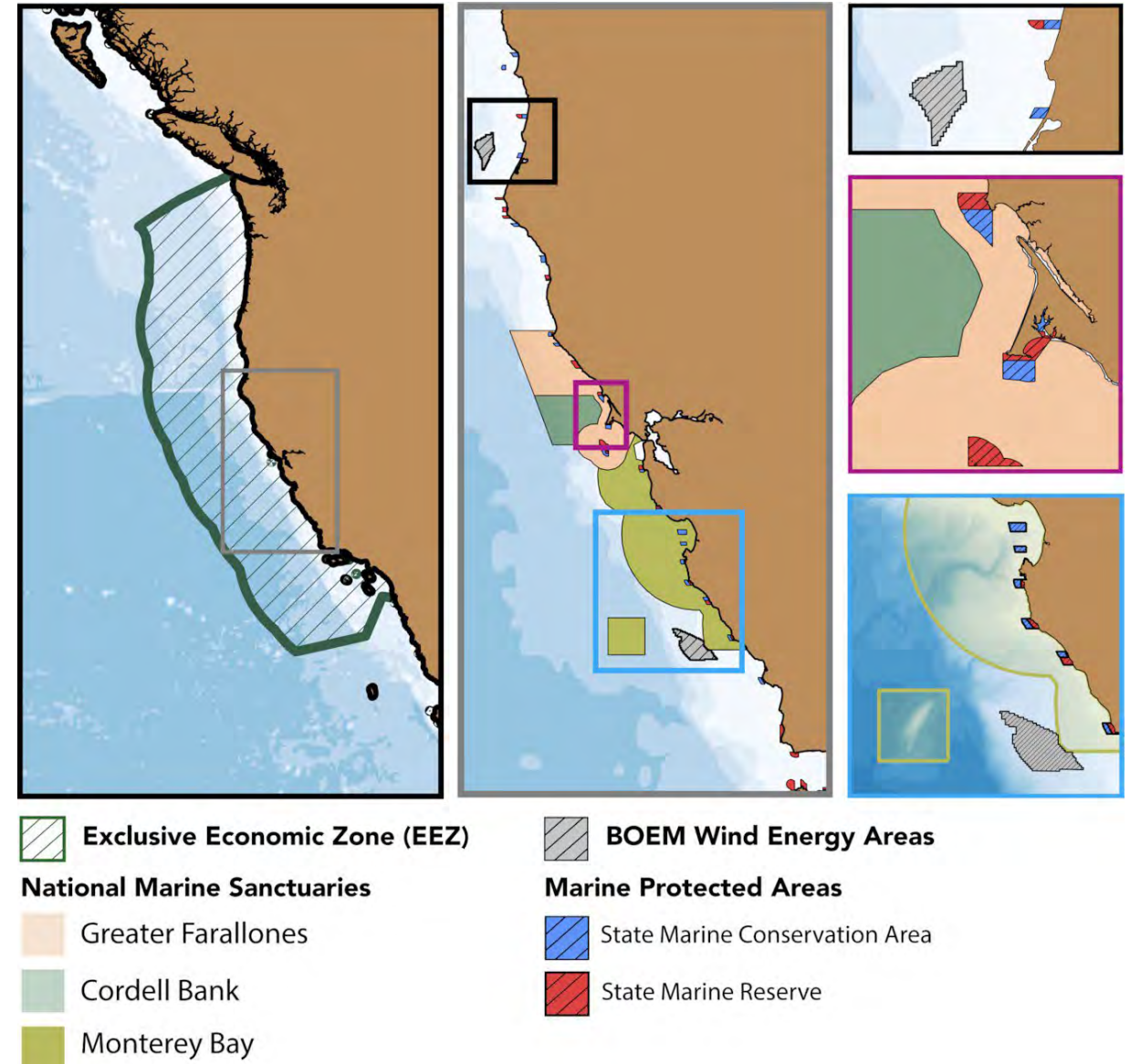


- Pathfinder work to scope drone program
- MBARI, NMFS, Axiom





- NSF AccelNet Program
- Deep-ocean community ↔ GOOS
- Bringing IOOS concepts e.g. data lifecycle planning with information user inputs
- EOZ concept/specification evolution
- West Coast case study for habitat and ecological
- Climate and modeling work re: deep ocean change
- DOERs – Deep Ocean Early Career Researchers are empowered!



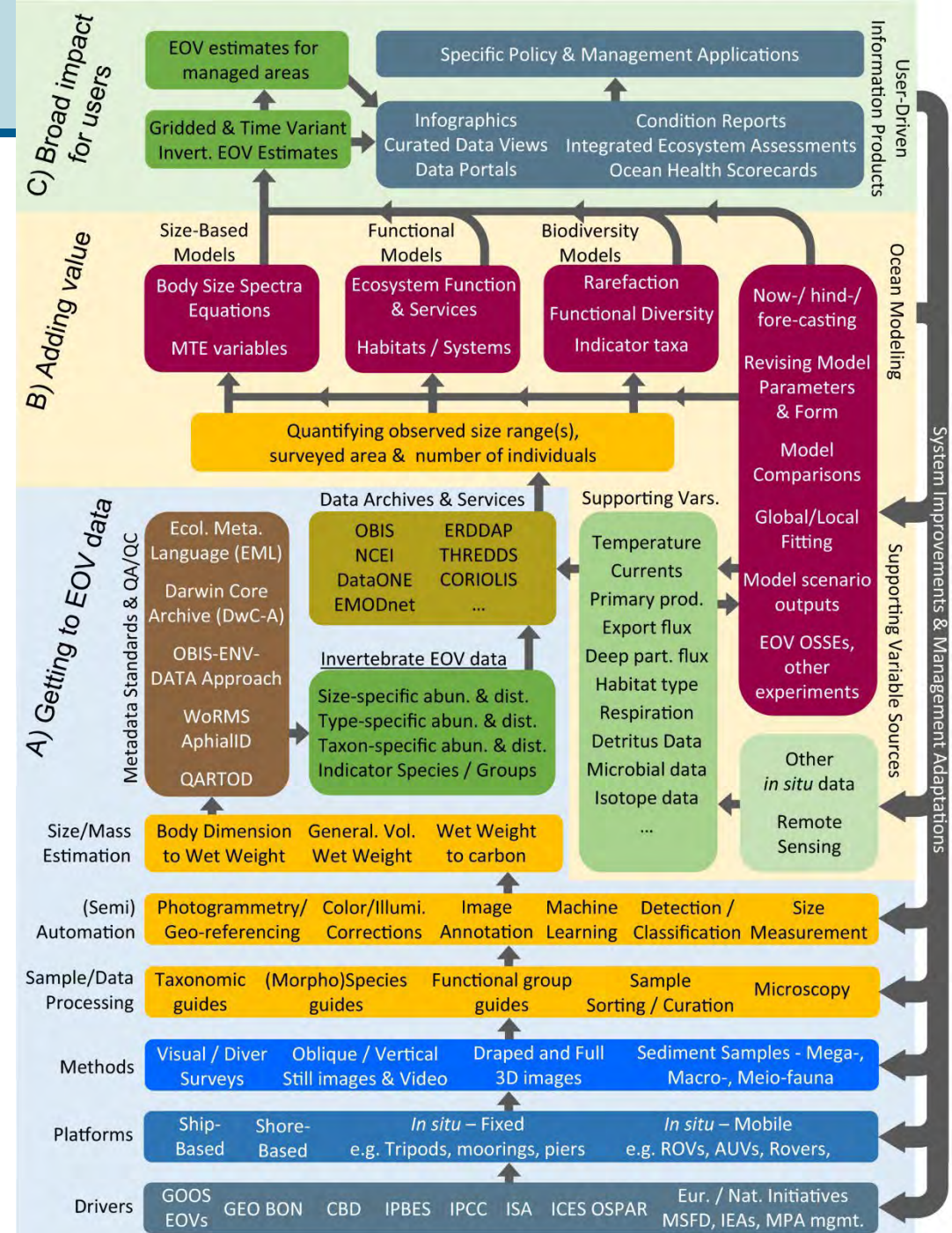
Researchers outline best practices for understanding life on the ocean's vast seafloor

- A new set of research practices—developed, in part, through the **Deep Ocean Observing Strategy** and **Marine Biodiversity Observation Network**—can help standardize the information researchers and ocean industry contractors collect about seafloor invertebrates.
 - Quantify individual body size.
 - Identify the well-quantified portions of sampled body-size spectra.
 - Take advantage of automated and semi-automated information processing via artificial intelligence and machine learning.
 - Apply metadata standards, such as Darwin Core.
 - Make data available through internationally recognized access points.



Ruhl, H.A., et al. *Limnology and Oceanography Letters*. doi.org/10.1002/lol2.10332

<https://www.mbari.org/news/researchers-outline-best-practices-for-understanding-life-on-the-oceans-vast-seafloor/>



- CalCOFI Conference
- MBON National Meeting, Monterey, CA
- IOOS Association spring meeting,
- Congressional engagements with Duarte, Mullin, Lofgren, Huffman, Valadao, Eshoo, Hardar et al.
- MBON National Meeting, College Park, MD
- Shared Axiom User Retreat, Seattle, WA
- California OAH Monitoring Stakeholder & Technical Workshop, MBARI
- Other Effective Conservation Measures (OECMs) in California's Coastal Waters, MBARI, OST-led
- mCDR Proposal planning
- Synchro co-design session I, II, III - Testing & evaluation, MPAs, OSW
- iDOOS Annual Meeting
- Regular engagements
 - MBNMS Research Activity Panel, Bi Monthly
 - West Watch, Bi Monthly
 - PCMHAB Transition Advisory Committee (TAC)
 - SCCOOS Board of Governors & Executive Steering Committee Meeting
 - IOOSA, ExComm, OSW Committee, Monthly
 - [...]
- IOOS FAC @ MBARI in June!

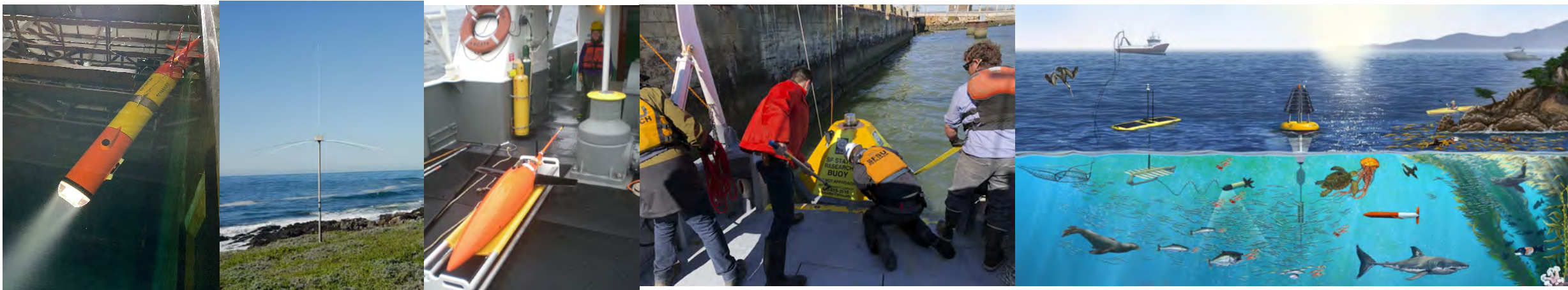


Challenges

- Limited program office capacity
- Offshore wind development
- Tribal engagement
- Product development and ongoing maintenance
- Axiom services vs external
- Comms, outreach, education
- Sustaining activities beyond BIL & IRA

Opportunities

- Uncrewed and autonomous observing systems
- Community-led observing
- AI and machine learning
- Data ingestion automation
- Cloud computing and big data
- Workforce development and capacity building
- Pan-regional projects



Regional Prospective Priorities

Governance

- Coastal and climate resilience project manager

DMAC

- Next gen DMAC
- CA Acoustic Telemetry Network
- Ocean Vision AI
- Drone data integration

Products

- Mobile and tablet apps
- Fisheries and maritime navigation
- Drop a drifter
- Plume tracking
- Particle tracking
- BioTrack
- Glider zooplankton products

Observations

- HABMAP/HABON – buildout
- Ocean Sound Obs. Net.
- HFR - Preventing / filling gaps
- Offshore wind obs. Gliders
- Water level - webcams/sensors
- Backyard Buoy's - waves/kelp/community obs.
- Co. Obs. Net – eDNA, Noyo, Crescent City
- CA Fish. Ves. Opp. (CFVOP)
- UxS - drone network
- Planktivore obs.

Models

- WCOFS/NEMURO
- Nested regional models

Outreach, engagement, & Education

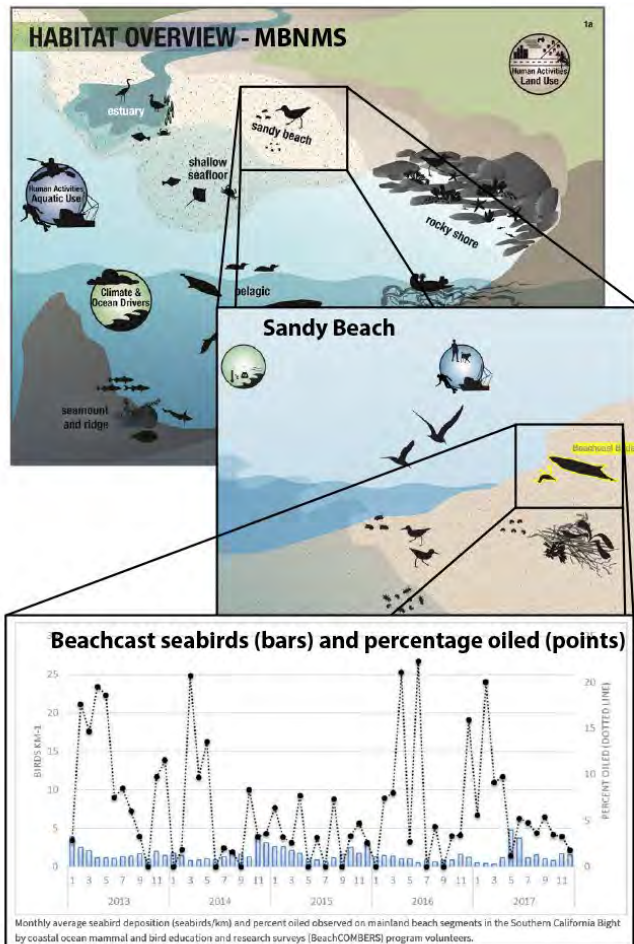
- Education, Outreach & Training
- Partnerships



(a) INFOGRAPHICS

Task: Information discovery

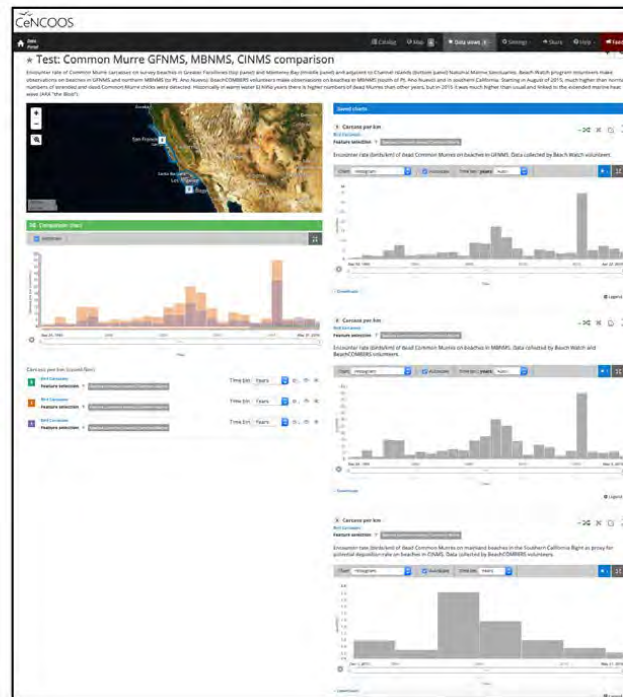
Users: Public, managers, educators



(b) CURATED DATA VIEWS

Task: Periodic information updates

Users: Advisory groups, researchers, managers



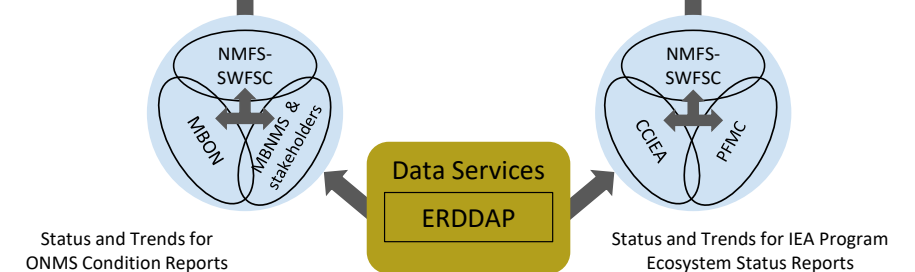
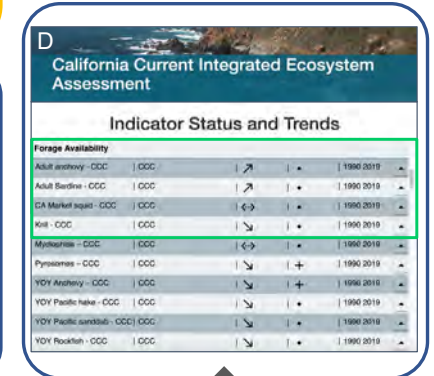
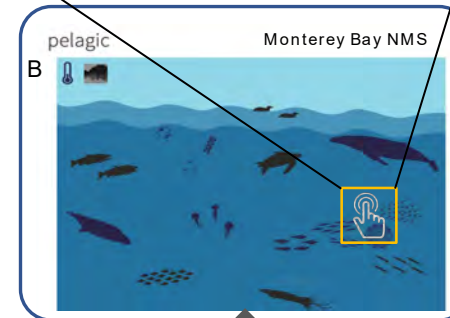
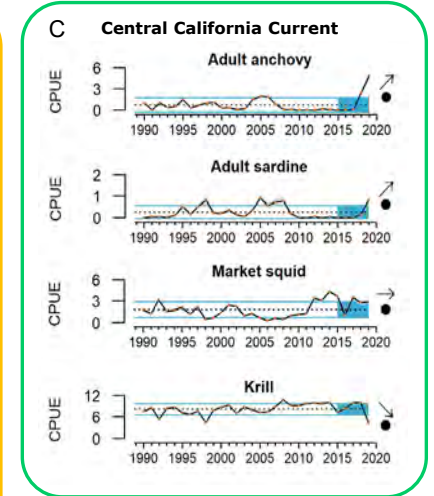
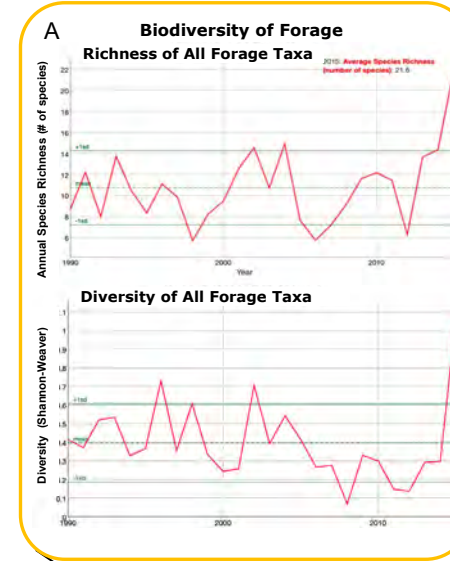
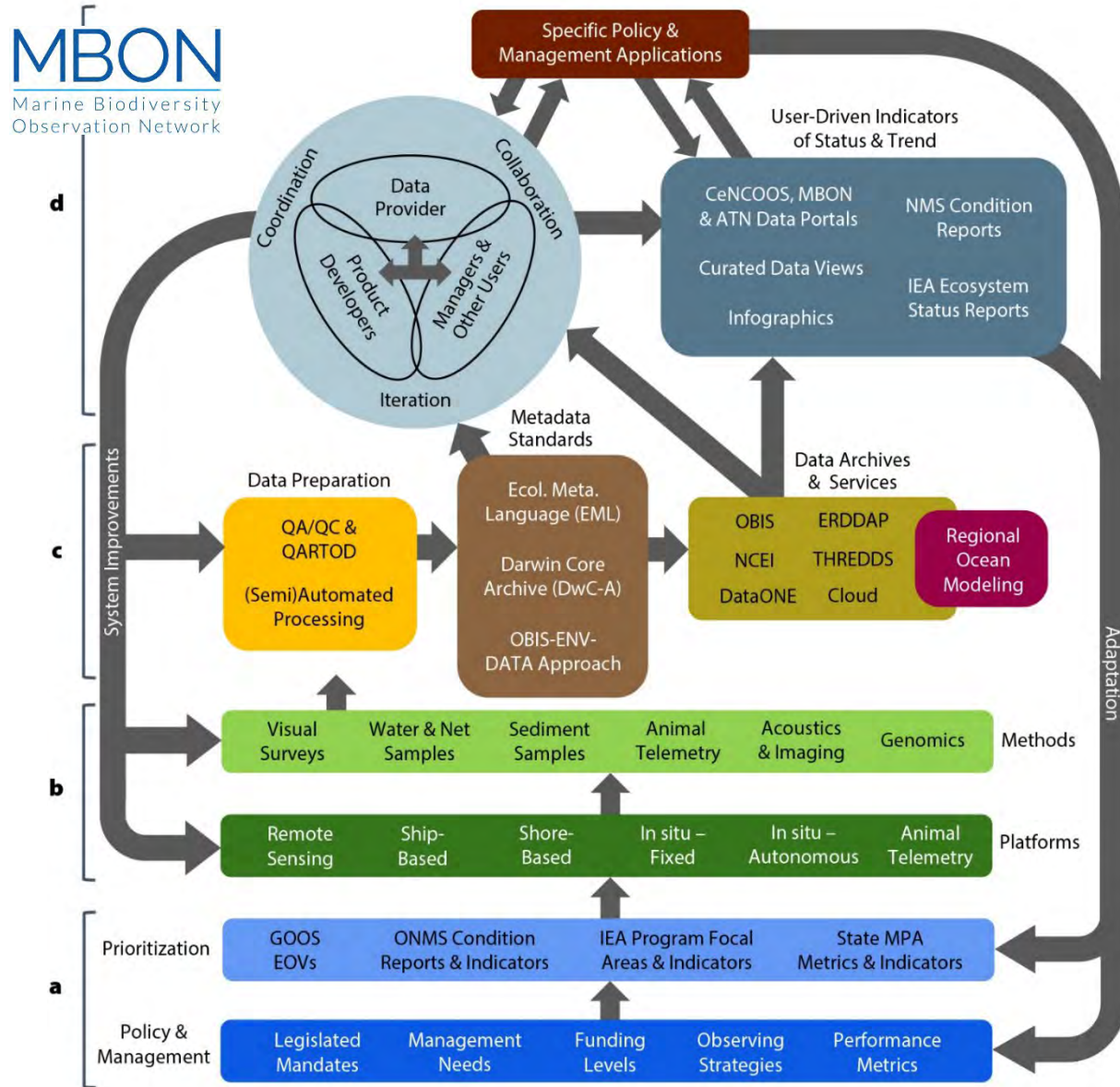
(c) DATA PORTALS

Task: Data exploration

Users: Technical experts



MBON – A Systems Approach



Building on a human-centred, iterative, and agile co-design strategy to facilitate the availability of deep ocean data

Diana E. LaScala-Gruenewald¹, Natalie H. N. Low¹, James P. Barry¹, Jennifer A. Brown^{2,3}, Chad King³, Francisco P. Chavez¹ and Henry A. Ruhl^{1,*}

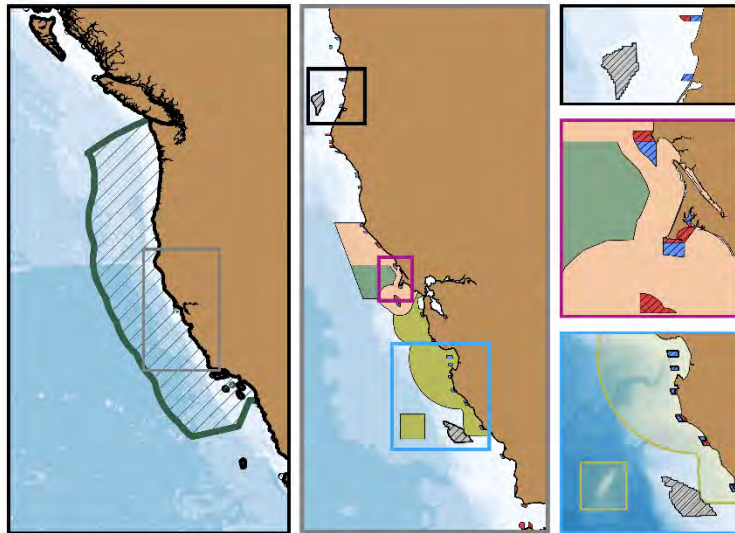
¹Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute (MBARI), Moss Landing, CA 95039, USA

²ECOS Consulting, LLC, Lafayette, CA 94549, USA

³Monterey Bay National Marine Sanctuary (MBNMS), Monterey, CA 93940, USA

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<https://doi.org/10.1093/icesjms/fsac145>



Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ)

BOEM Wind Energy Areas

National Marine Sanctuaries

Marine Protected Areas

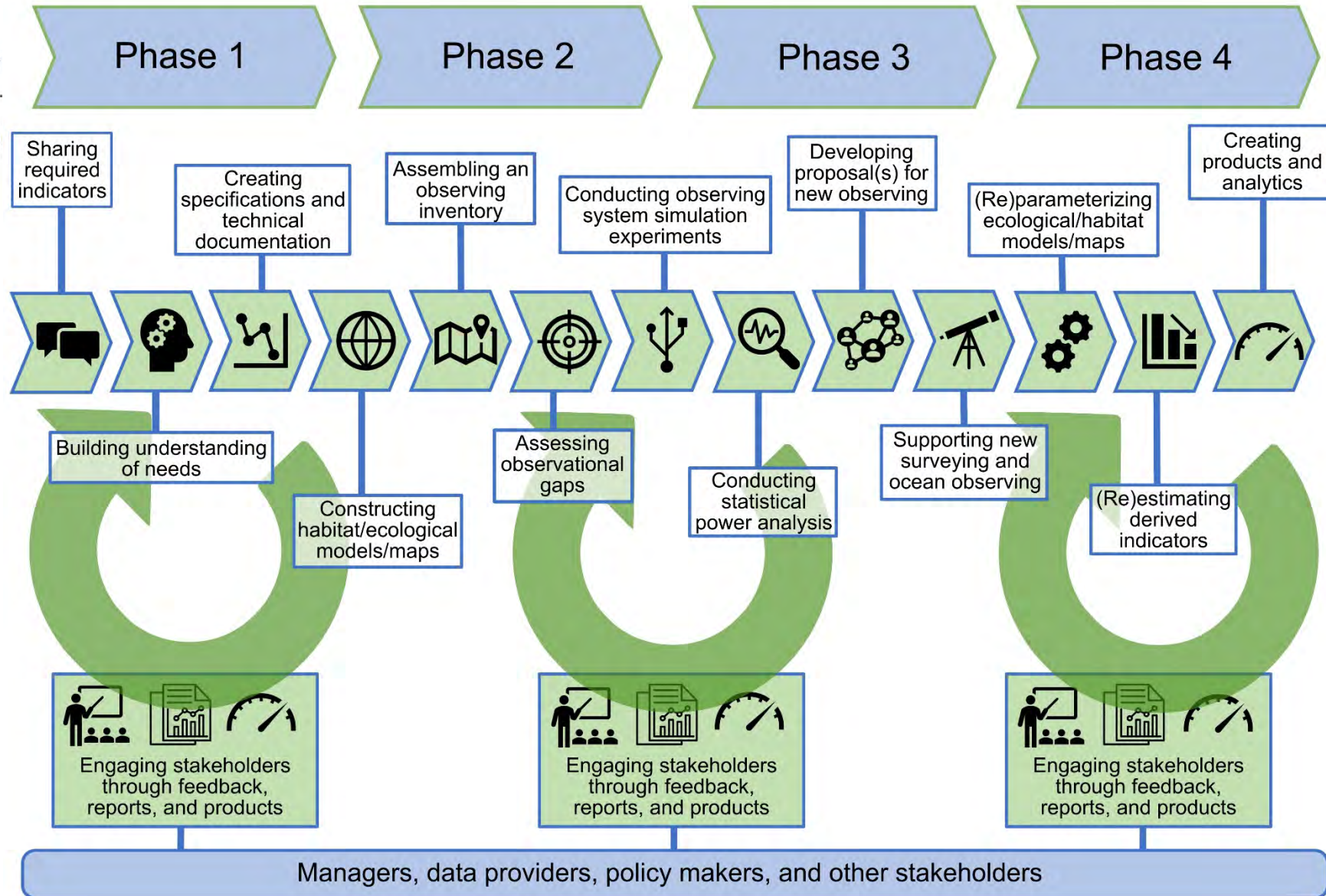
Greater Farallones

State Marine Conservation Area

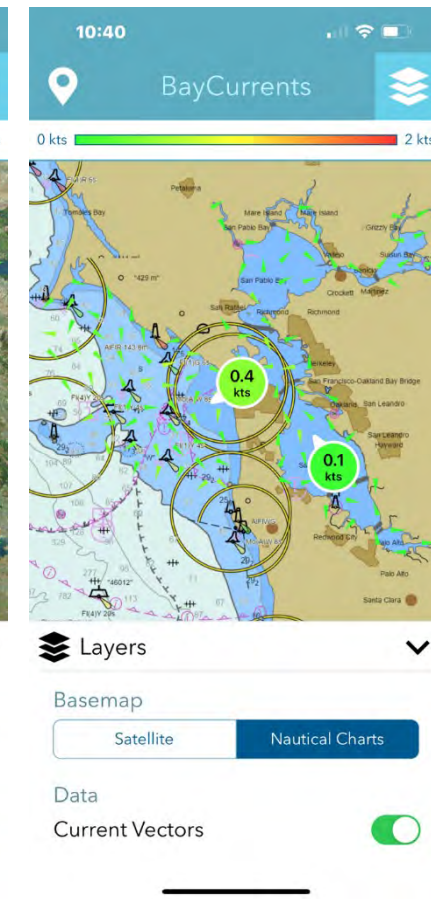
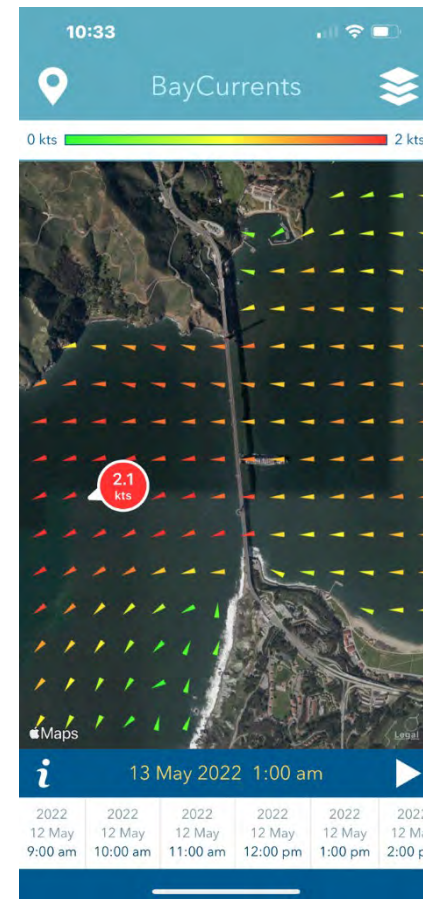
Cordell Bank

State Marine Reserve

Monterey Bay



- Refresh of app in use several years ago
- Multiplatform web app
- Leverages PORTS/SFBOFS
- Available now
- Table version coming soon
- SST, waves, wind, and visibility under consideration



<https://apps.apple.com/us/app/baycurrents/id1591997070>

https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=org.cenoos.baycurrentsandroid&hl=en_US&gl=US

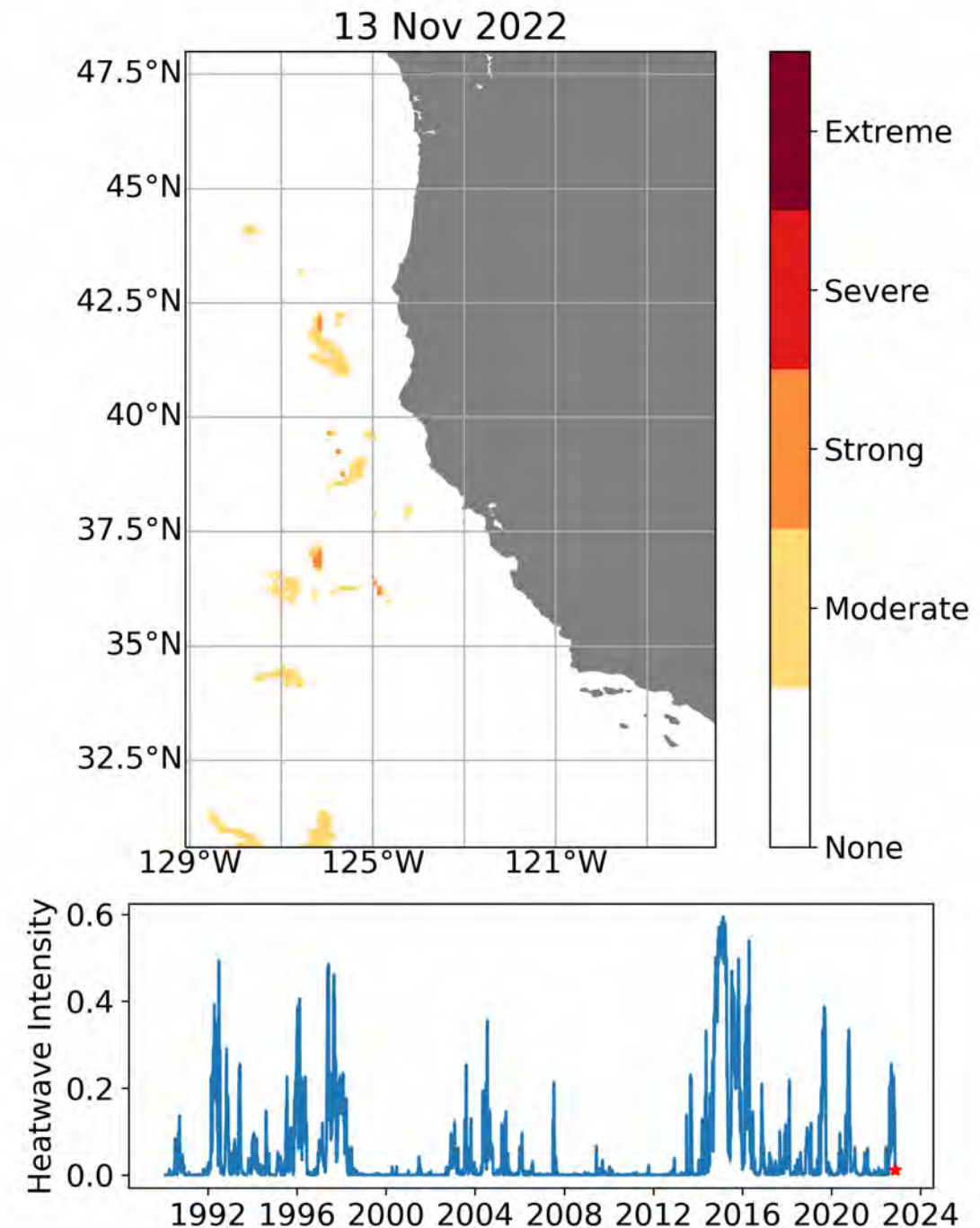
Computed using SST from WCOFS with the climatology from the UCSC ROMS reanalysis run.

Daily time series of SST at each 10 km grid point is run through the marine heatwave code and an estimate of whether it is none, moderate, strong, severe or extreme is computed. These are plotted on a map for each time step.

SST was used instead of satellite data as it optimally interpolates what would be gaps in potential satellite data and we also have a 3 day forecast.

... Tools for a climate-ready Blue Economy

•Hobday, A.J. et al. (2016), A hierarchical approach to defining marine heatwaves, Progress in Oceanography, 141, pp. 227-238, doi: 10.1016/j.pocean.2015.12.014



Goals/objectives:

- Update the community and gather feedback on feasible, impactful climate resilience activities that promote equity and environmental justice;
- Hear from partners to understand ongoing activities, synergies, and to avoid duplicating efforts;
- Review existing and emerging high-priority requirements and climate resilience plans to understand what's already included in the CeNCOOS 5-year work plan;
- Develop consensus and shared understanding for priority activities, particularly related to new areas of work including water level and ecosystem measurements;
- Engage with partners to understand priorities and opportunities to partner/leverage investment.

Definitions:

Climate resilience: The capacity of a system to retain essential functions before, during, and after a hazard strikes. [NOAA Climate Resilience Toolkit]

Coastal resilience: The ability of populations, ecosystems, and economies to prepare for, absorb, respond to, recover from, and successfully adapt to the impacts of natural and human-caused hazards, such as hurricanes and oil spills and long-term environmental changes, such as habitat loss and sea level rise. [NOS draft definition March 2023]

Who is using our data?

Global/national

- National Weather Service
- USGS
- EPA
- Modelers



State

- OPC
- CDFW
- CDPH
- OEHHA
- Cal Water Boards
- Cal Coastal Commission



Local

- County/city water programs
- Harbormasters
- Recreators
- Indigenous communities



FISHING

Pacific fishery council moves to close California salmon fishing in 2023

Dan Bacher Special to The Stockton Record

Published 6:00 a.m. PT March 15, 2023



The California Department of Fish and Wildlife is transporting 19.7 million hatchery-raised fall-run and 960,000 spring-run chinook salmon to Bay Area release sites this year to protect the fish from poor water conditions on Central Valley rivers.
CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE/COURTESY

SEATTLE — For the first time since the fishing closure of 2008-2009, federal regulators have moved to close all recreational and commercial salmon fishing off the California coast.

<https://www.recordnet.com/story/sports/outdoors/fishing/2023/03/15/pacific-fishery-council-to-close-california-salmon-fishing-in-2023/69981901007/>

<https://www.gov.ca.gov/2023/04/06/newsom-administration-requests-federal-fishery-disaster-ahead-of-salmon-season-closure/>

- **Prolonged drought, severe wildfires, and associated impacts** to spawning and rearing habitat, harmful algal blooms, and ocean forage shifts have combined to result in some of the lowest stock abundance forecasts on record for Sacramento River Fall Chinook and Klamath River Fall Chinook.

- In large part, the low returns and abundance forecasts are due to difficult environmental factors faced by these salmon on their initial journey out to the ocean three years ago.

- **The low ocean abundance forecasts, coupled with low 2022 returns,** led the Pacific Fishery Management Council (PFMC) to recommend full closure of California's commercial and recreational ocean salmon fisheries.

- **Commercial fishing in southern Oregon** is also projected to face closures through the end of 2023.

What's Going On?

~ IRA NOFO/RFP reply process

IOOS FAC in Monterey Bay
Y3 Core start

NANOOS 20 yrs and Dir. Retreat

GC Meeting

CalCOFI Mtg.

MBON mtg & Ocean Sciences

IOOS Spring mtg
Congressional Outreach

~SCCOOS & CeNCOOS 20yrs

Y4 Core start

May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug

2023

2023



IOOS
Integrated Ocean
Observing System